	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
Farm type and size	Beef Sheep & cereals		Upland Livestock, 2 holdings under one business: 130ha and 185ha	£4.94 Ha Upland	£5.9 Ha Lowland	57 Ha Upland	21.86 Ha Upland	28.34 Ha Upland	Upland mountainous, 1,100ha	Coastal Upland sheep farm 340ha total inc 44ha enclosed	Mixed lowland S Wales 250ha	Tenant mountain farm 680ha	Lowland dairy, SW Wales 103ha	Lowland dairy, SW Wales 81ha	Coastal dairy, SW Wales 72ha	Upland sheep	48.5ha					
Habitat area (ha)	19.09ha	20.18ha	112.5 ha (EOI) 245ha (actual)	25.88 Ha	19.09 Ha	50 Ha	19 Ha	28.34 Ha	1,100ha	300ha – all SSSI, SPA, SAC, IPA	110ha as per Habitat Wales Scheme	680ha	4.25ha	8.8ha	6ha		8.9ha					
Woodland area (ha)	0.67ha		25 ha	10 Ha	0.67 Ha	6	0.87 Ha	0.56 Ha	Negligible (higher altitude holding)	0 – exposed coastal and nearly all designated. Considered one of the most iconic sites in Wales for rare species and protected habitats.	0	20ha included above	0ha				0.7ha					
Current Glastir Advanced payment	£5,874	£3,945	£19,862	£4,948	£5,874	£10,000	£5,500	N/A	Undisclosed	0 – tenancy started after application windows for Glastir and thus never been able to apply.	£50,000	£70,000	0	0	0	*Glastir Advanced*	£3,312.75	£60,000.00	£40,000.00	£15,000.00	£3,600.00	£3,500.00
Organic Y/N --If yes organic payment	N	N	N	Conversion since 1/1/23	N	Y	N	N/A	N	Y / Organic Conversion Scheme - £26,000 per year for 2-year transition. But now the payments after transition will be £0.	Y £12,350	Y £8,500	Y £7,100	Y £4,500	Y £4,900	Y	Y £3,761.05				Y £5,395	Y £4,829
Total Glastir payment	£5,874	£3,945	£19,862.0	£4,948.0	£5,874.0	£10,000.0	£5,500.0	N/A	Undisclosed	0	£62,350	£78,500	£7,100	£4,500	£4,900		£7,073.80	£60,000.00	£40,000.00	£15,000.00	£3,600.00	£3,500.00
Habitat Wales Scheme (HWS) payment	£1,312	£1,403	£8937.5 (EOI) £15,275 (if actual area of habitat)	£1,785.0	£1,312.0	£3,500.0	£1,320.0	£1,900.0	<33%	£300 total. (yes this is correct, but if had been in Glastir it would be £20,000 approx).	£7,000	£22,050 if maps are updated £5,500 if no changes to current form are made by WG	£293	£607	£414		£1,500	£22,000	£21,000	£5,000	£1,700	£435
HWS payment (% of previous under Glastir)	22%	36%	45% (EOI) 77% (if actual area of habitat)	36%	22%	35%	24%		<33%	1.5% (if farm had been in Glastir)	11%	7% - 28%	4%	13%	8%		21%	37%	53%	33%	47%	12%
Impact of HWS payment on the overall support received	88% (£4,562) reduction	64% (£2,542) reduction	~55% reduction ~23% reduction (if actual area of habitat)	64% (£3163) reduction	88% (£4562) reduction	65% (£6500) reduction	76% (£4180) reduction	N/A			Loss of £43,000. Loss of 2 staff members	Massive reduction in support. Overwintering off hill not viable.		Reviewing options including exiting organic.	Diversified business - reviewing options		Planning to sell all the cattle, a conventional farmer will rent 73 acres, £150/acre, applying nitrogen. It's either this, or sell the farm.	63% (£48,000) reduction	47% (£19,000) reduction	67% (£10,000) reduction	81% (£7,295) reduction	95% (£8,329) reduction
Farmer response	No incentive now to manage my habitat grassland as low/zero input or growing cereals due to increased costs of cultivation. Would be financially better off renting out land to intensive dairy neighbour. Discourages adopting more sustainable farming methods.	We have farmed for the last 30 years in the most environmentally-friendly way possible, for example, using no pesticides and no fertiliser. We have been members of various habitat schemes over the years that have been on offer such as Tir Gofal from its inception and Glastir Advanced . We have invested heavily in the farm, and as a result of the environmentally-friendly way, even with the financial support of the various schemes, the farm has lost money most years, and rarely broken even. Our reward has been to see the increasing biodiversity of the farm every year. Last year, our hay fields were registered as Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation in	When calculating the amount (ha) of habitat land eligible for the scheme, RPW doesn't provide a breakdown of habitat land vs woodland habitat (which would've been useful). So some of these answers are rough estimates. As a result of the above, and because payment rates for habitat land (£59/ha) and woodland (£62) are different, we're not able to calculate the exact Habitat Wales scheme payment at this moment. I've just averaged the payment at £65/ha for now. The EOI process is riddled with errors. For example, WG have forgot to include Glastir Entry habitat options for these EOIs, and for our EOI they've omitted one farm's mountain parcel (113ha) which is in Glastir (and is a SSSI/ SAC/ SPA with an existing SSSI consent), and for some reason they've omitted	With combination of common land reduction in payment this makes upland farming unviable	Would consider renting farm out to dairy farmer next door	Considering planting whole farm in trees	Would let land out as horse livery and sacrifice High value wild flower meadows	Not worth the hassle of being in a scheme and being controlled. Current farm is in a WG Hay Flower Meadow Pilot Project	For Tir Gofal and Glastir - heavy reductions in sheep, has led to widespread vegetation change. Tir Gofal and Glastir have been their lifeline, the next generation taking over would NOT have done so other than for the support for habitat schemes. They were looking into an abyss late 90s, but last 25yrs have been able to plan accordingly and see the change in the habitat. Less than a 3rd of the Glastir payment is a heavy loss, and cannot be sustained, and is worried that it will roll-over because SFS is delayed...or be the blueprint for what SFS will remunerate. Farmer has been to the NFU office, but is not seeing that they are reacting as they should – farmer would like NFU to have a much greater voice in the lobby (has asked what FUW	Had nothing before and will get nothing going forward. So, in some way no change. But the fact that new tenancies since close of Glastir application windows closes the door on entry to this scheme on the whole makes a mockery of what should be supported. It is disappointing that we cannot go into a scheme to support the work being done on a site which is fully designated. The risks this place on these sites are large. Incredibly disappointing.	We have 25 years worth of aggregated environmental goods that will be lost as we will need to intensify production to try to make up the shortfall. It also means we will have to lose two members of staff. This is the opposite of what we've been working so hard to achieve over all these years, and is the opposite of WG stated ambition especially considering what was proposed by SFS. We've had many high profile visitors, politicians & others, coming to our farm over the years all go away saying that our farm business is exactly what they're looking for more farmers to do.	I have embraced the Glastir and Organic schemes, making huge reductions in sheep numbers on the mountain. In HWS I will still have to comply with reduced winter sheep numbers, the smaller payment will not pay the cost of overwintering the sheep. Our wildflower hay meadows face a 97% cut in payments due to the reduced payment and the capping of payments. I have planted thousands of trees, the HWS does not recognise them!			Can take pain for a year or so, its the overall direction that is worrying and what monies will be available within the SFS in 2025 .	Payment is an insult to organic farmers who are guardians of Nature. This has a serious impact on the financial business of small family farms. Decisions to retain our farm : " Cannot afford registering organic ! Sell our Belted Welsh Black rent land to other farmers at present price of £120 for organic / £150 conventional. We will loose our organic status and our land will return to conventional . Return to Use of artificial fertiliser and chemicals. Loosing the ethos and practice of sustainable farm !!!!! Is this the END ? What is the COST of being Guardians of Nature ? Does Climate Change matter or are we selling out to Capitalism ?					